



Curriculum Narrative

Subject: German Year: 8 Author: C. Bracher

Key Knowledge Pupils will know

Key SkillsPupils will be able to

Key Threshold Concepts:

Term 1

- Awareness of gender
- Awareness of key graphemes/phonemes (phonics) and that these are different in German and English
- Equipped with useful strategies to memorise vocab and an understanding of why this is an essential language learning skill
- Verbs come from the infinitive and need to be changed for person, tense and number
- Understanding that word for word translations don't always work
- There are multiple strategies that allow you to decode other languages.
- Communication is key find a way.

Subject Skills:

- Greeting people and introducing yourself
- Understanding German phonics
- Counting and recognising numbers 1-100
- Working out dates and birthdays in German
- Key verbs haben, sein, wohnen
- Modal verb können
- Describing appearance and personality of people and pets

Term 2 and 3

- Concept of gender and how to say the/a
- use of verb to be in first, second and third person
- use of negatives
- use of the indefinite and definite article with the accusative
- use of the verb to have in the first, second and third person
- Use of 1st person possessive adjective
- Asking questions
- Present tense weak verbs in 1st, 2nd, 3rd person

Context

Students will be introduced to German and some of the key threshold concepts in unit 1, an introduction to German. Throughout the rest of the year we use the NCELP curriculum which has been designed to support progression in early language learning within the limited time students have to study languages in school. This is done by allowing students to frequently re-visit the key concepts to develop a mastery of the language.

The scheme of learning prioritises four key elements of language learning; phonics, vocabulary, grammar and meaningful practise.

For phonics, a key sound-spelling link will be re-visited every lesson to help them master correct pronunciation.

In terms of vocabulary, students are introduced to high frequency language as determined by NCELP research which has identified the most commonly used words in the German language, as well as those used commonly





in GCSE exams. The SoW seeks to introduce the highest frequency words early on. Students are introduced to sets of words from different parts of speech, including the most common verbs, which allow them to manipulate verbs and regularly create their own sentences.

Grammar is introduced in small sections, most common first, with an aim of building up students' knowledge of different grammatical structures over time.

As deliberate practise is important for students to embed vocab, structure and phonics knowledge, there are lots of opportunities for students to practise both new and prior-taught vocab within the lesson activities.

As we progress through the year, end of unit assessments will increasingly contain more questions/vocab from previous units. Additionally, ongoing vocab tests will include words from previously learned lists. Quizlet will be used as the main platform to monitor pupil's vocab learning at home, although additional learning strategies will be shared with pupils and they will be encouraged to use these as well.

Previously learned skills will be revisited, again through their appearance in written and spoken texts. Such texts will be analysed and questioning used to encourage pupils to spot and understand grammatical features that they have already studied. In assessments, translation, speaking and writing tasks will require pupils to include a variety of grammar and linguistic structures from their previous learning, in addition to the most recently learned.

Low stakes testing, for example quizzes and mini whiteboard activities, will also be used regularly in lessons to check pupil's understanding of previously taught concepts.

Subject Specific Knowledge and Sequencing:

Grammar

- Phonics
- Numbers

Prerequisites and Spiral Teaching:

 Students tend to enter year 7 with little or no knowledge of German. These students did not study German in year 7 due to the COVID pandemic. The course will start from scratch although greetings will be taught quickly as this is an area where some students tend to have some experience.





- Months and turning numbers to date (10 to 10th)
- Key verb paradigms
- Present tense verb endings
- use of negatives
- asking questions
- use of articles with different genders

Vocab

- Greetings
- Numbers 1-100
- Alphabet
- Adjectives including adjectives of size and colour
- Useful high-frequency nouns
- Verbs, nouns and questions for classroom communication
- verbs as lexical items: to be, to have, to say, to do, to learn, to talk, to write,
- Verbs for activities: to listen, to go, to dance, to work, to clean, to cook, to sit
- High frequency connectives und, oder, aber

Culture

 Basic knowledge of German speaking countries and recognise how widely spoken German is within Europe (unit 1). Differentiated tasks and extension work will be provided during unit 1 to extend the learning of any pupils who have already done basic German at primary.

- Phonics introduced very early on Afterwards, key phonemes to be pointed out whenever they occur in new words and a phonics focus to start each new lesson by focussing on one key sound-spelling link.
- Numbers /days / months to be used in German for classroom communication wherever relevant.
- Introducing and giving information about yourself constant re-visiting of how to do this at the start of written/spoken tasks and assessments
- Haben / sein in present tense point them out to students whenever they occur in texts and make sure students know when they are using them.
- Adjectives –from term 2 onwards, use of a large variety of previously seen adjectives throughout resources used for teaching new topics

Cross-Curricular Knowledge Links:

- English Parts of speech, grammar, literacy terms
- English Reading for gist, skimming, scanning and decoding text
- English Developing oracy
- Maths simple use of numbers $(+/-/x/\div)$
- Geography different countries/cultures
- Promoting positive relationships
- Memory skills used across the curriculum

Reading Lists / Sources / Reading around the subject recommendations:

- Stimmt 1 textbooks
- Fairy tales in German or English (e.g. Hansel and Gretel, Rapunzel, Rumpestiltskin, peid piper of Hamelin)
- Tintenherz/Inkheart trilogy in German or English
- Emil and the Detective in English or German
- Mr Men books in German
- Harry Potter in German

www.quizlet.com

www.languagesonline.org.uk

www.memrise.com

www.wordreference.com (online dictionary)

www.german.about.com/index.htm